

GLOBAL Investing, Research and Education Homer Hoyt Institute

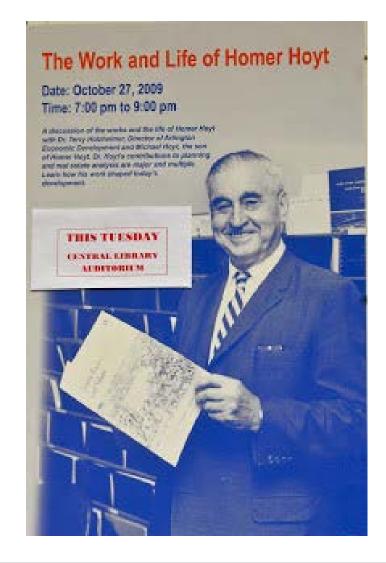
Jacques Gordon May 2017



Fifty Years of the Homer Hoyt Institute

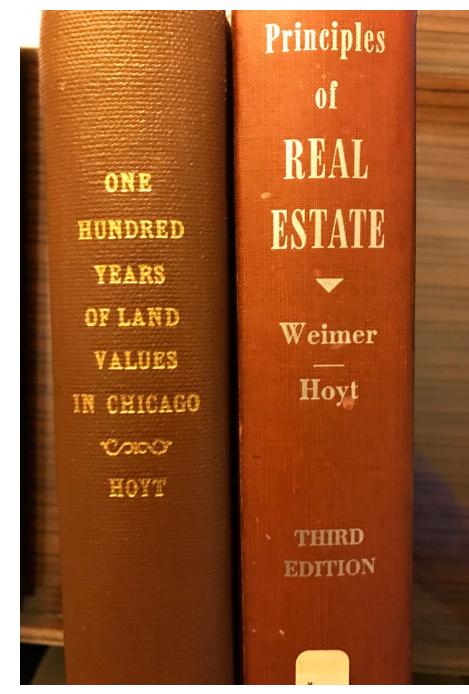
1895 Born in St. Joseph, MO

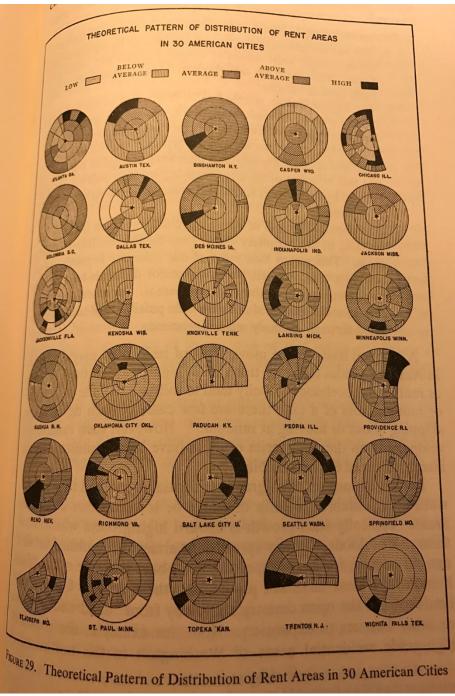
- 1914 MA and BA University of Kansas
- 1923 JD University of Chicago
- 1925-34 Real Estate Broker and Speculator Urban Growth: Sector Theory
- 1933 PhD University of Chicago 100 Years of Land Values
- 1934 1940 Federal Housing Administration
- 1941 1947 MIT and Columbia
- 1948 Shopping Center Studies Economic Base Theory
- 1951 Founded Homer Hoyt Associates
- 1967 Founded the Homer Hoyt Institute for Real Estate Research and Education





Tony Downs RERC Founder Library Cast-offs





Real Estate: Anglo Saxon Model

Neither we nor our officials will seize any land or rent in payment of a debt, so long as the debtor has movable goods sufficient to discharge the debt.

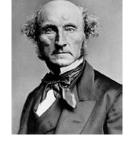
Landlords grow rich in their sleep without working, risking or economising

Land monopoly is not only monopoly, but it is by far the greatest of monopolies; it is a perpetual monopoly, and it is the mother of all other forms of monopoly

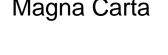


John Stuart Mill

On Liberty 1859



King John 1215 Magna Carta





Real Estate: US Frontier Thesis (Fredrick Jackson Turner 1893)

Buy land, they're not making it anymore

The major fortunes in America have been made in land

It's tangible, it's solid, it's beautiful. It's artistic, from my standpoint, and I just love real estate





John D. Rockefeller



Donald Trump

Real Estate: Social Upheaval or Stability



The rentier state is a state of parasitic, decaying capitalism.

Vladimir Lenin 1916 "Treatise on Imperialism"



Real Estate cannot be lost or stolen, nor can it be carried away. Purchased with common sense, paid for in full, and managed with reasonable care, it is about the safest investment in the world.

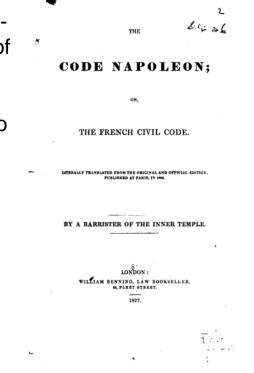
Franklin D. Roosevelt

Civil Code Tradition Covers Most of the World's Population

Latin and Roman Law dominates South American, Southern Europe and parts of Africa and East Asia



Section III. 676 The proprietor of a wall which is not joining immediately the estate of another, may form in such wall lights or windows of wire-lattice, and fanlights. These windows must be furnished with a lattice work of iron, the meshes of which shall extend to an opening of one decimeter, (about three inches) and with a dormant window. These windows or lights must not be less than twenty-six decimeters (eight feet) above the floor or base of the chamber which is desired to be lighted, if it be the ground-floor, and nineteen decimeters (six feet) above the floor for the upper stories.



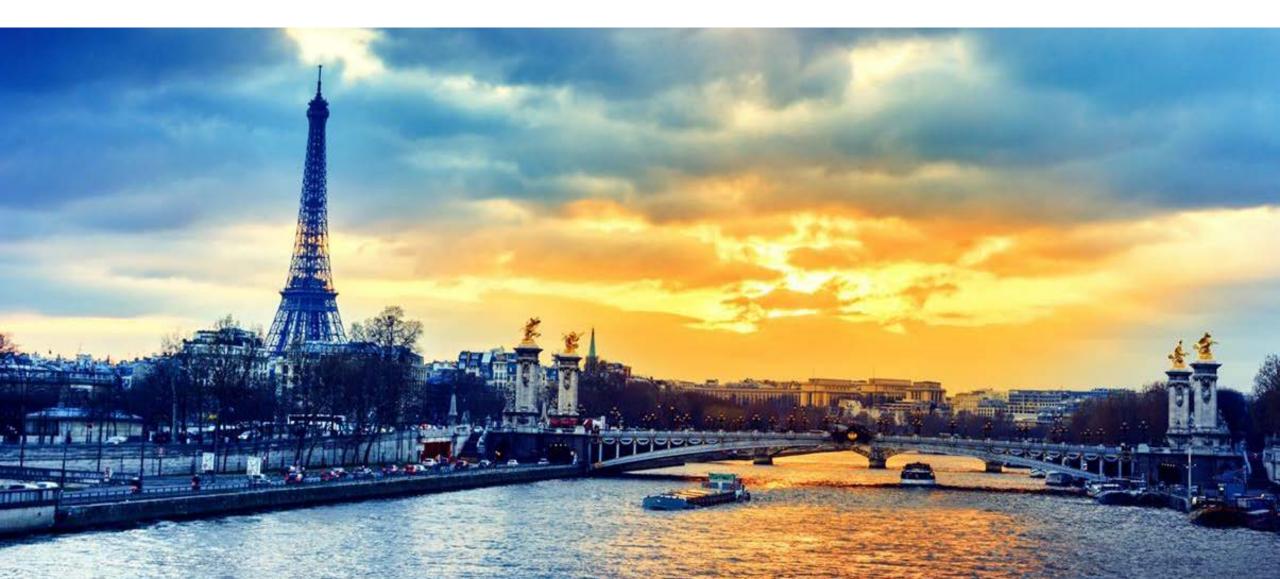


Without an integrated formal property system, a modern market economy is inconceivable.

Hernando de Soto Polar The Mystery of Capital



Cross Border Real Estate: Rationale, Challenges, & Strategy



Rationale for Investing Across Borders

Larger Investment Universe

Greater Variety of Potential Risk-Return Strategies

Diversification (lower risk for similar return)

Availability of Tax-Efficient Structures*

Limited Domestic Opportunities*

Access to Emerging Market Growth

Access to Developed Market Stability

Cross-Border Investing Challenges

Finding Reliable Local Partners

Low Market Transparency in Many Emerging Markets

Limited Regional and Cross-Border Benchmarks

Currency and Political Risk

Tax Drag and Capital Controls in Some Markets

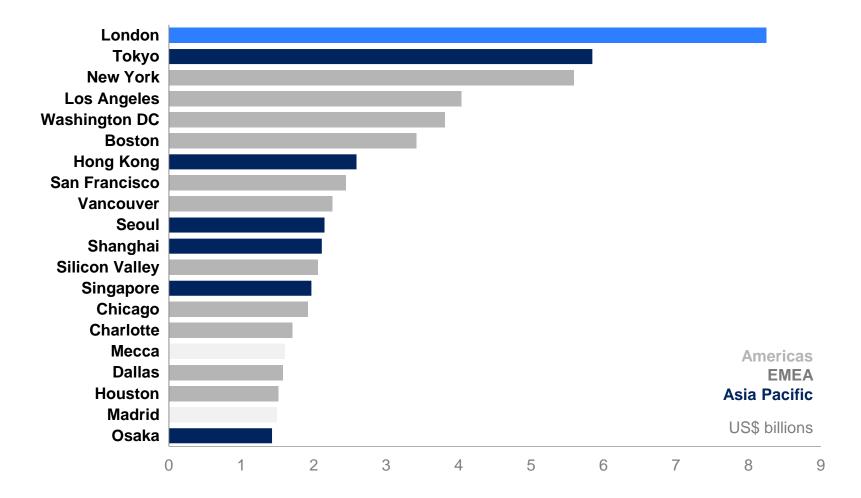
Global integration Erodes Diversification Benefits

More Complex Strategy Integration & Decision Making

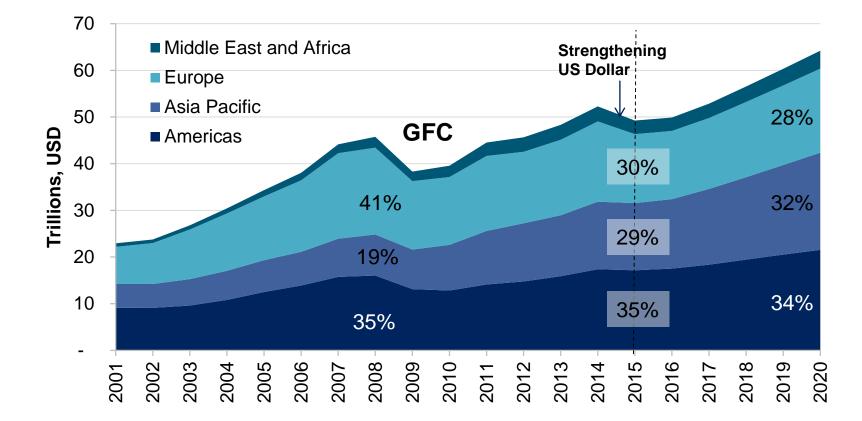
Direct Commercial Real Estate Investment



Top 20 Cities, Q1 2017



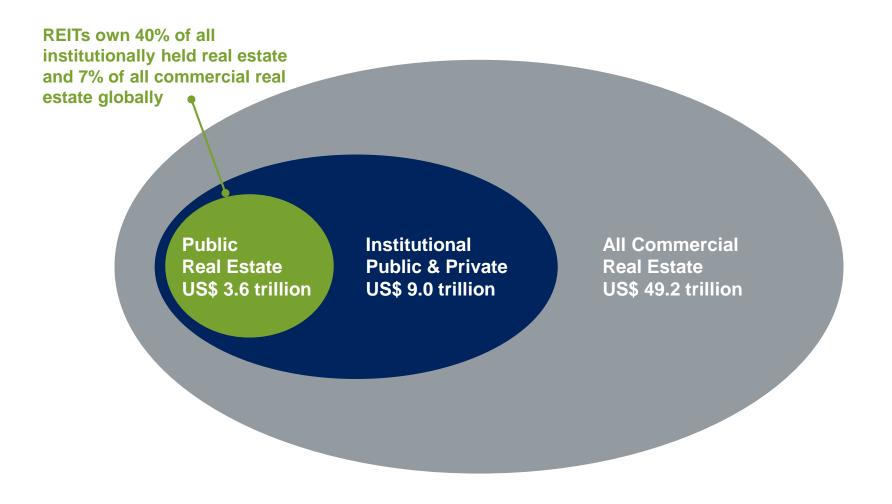
Total Real Estate: Past, Present, and Forecast Regional Share of the Universe Over Time



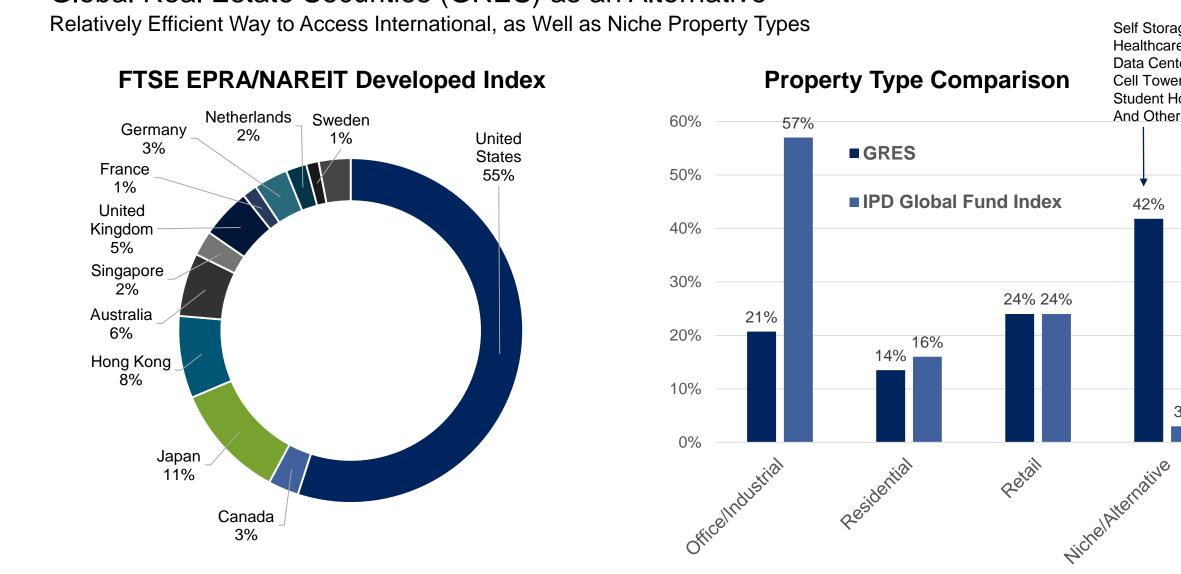
Sources used in LaSalle analysis: Oxford Economics, Citigroup, Bloomberg, NCREIF, MSCI, Investment Property Forum (UK), Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Research Institute, National Bureau of Statistics of China, Hong Kong Rating and Valuation Department, Singapore Urban Redevelopment Authority, US Bureau of Economic Analysis, US Federal Reserve, Self-Storage Association (UK), Company financial statements

Analysis as of Q3 2015

Potential for Professional Management of Real Estate



Sources: Oxford Economics, Citigroup, Bloomberg, NCREIF, MSCI, Investment Property Forum (U.K.), Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Research Institute, National Bureau of Statistics of China, Hong Kong Rating and Valuation Department, Singapore Urban Redevelopment Authority, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Federal Reserve, Self-Storage Association (U.K.), and company financial statements (3Q 2015)



Global Real Estate Securities (GRES) as an Alternative

3%

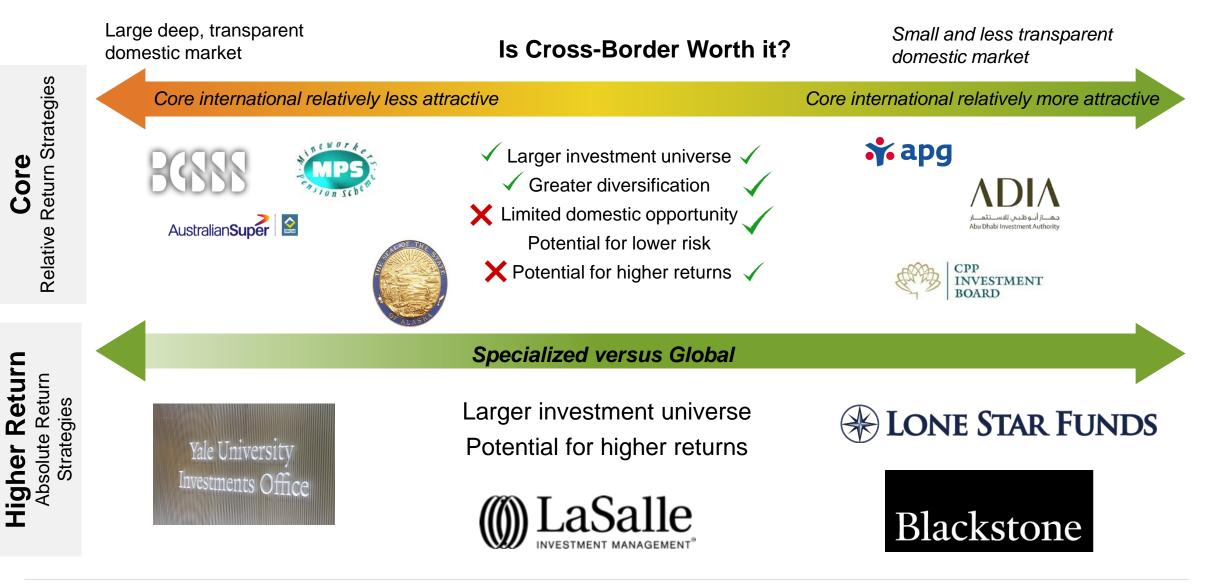
Self Storage Healthcare **Data Centers**

Cell Towers Student Housing And Others

42%

Property Type Comparison

Private Equity: Cross-border Real Estate Spectrum



Rationale for Cross Border: Correlations show some diversification benefits

Private Indices Correlations to US					Public Indices Correlations To US			
Local Currency Return Correlations	5 Year	10 Year	15 Year	20 Year	Local Currency Returns	5 Year	10 Year	
Australia	0.19	0.88	0.87	0.85	Australia	0.31	N/A	
Japan	0.23	0.81	N/A	N/A	Japan	0.18	0.47	
France*	0.64	0.74	0.75	N/A	France	0.45	0.75	
Germany*	0.08	0.49	0.15	N/A	Germany	0.66	0.70	
Netherlands**	-0.28	0.51	0.48	N/A	Netherlands	0.49	0.70	
UK	0.56	0.52	0.57	0.58	UK	0.28	0.83	
Canada	0.02	0.66	0.64	0.63	Canada	0.55	0.86	

Comparing correlations between real estate returns across markets highlights the diversification benefits of an international portfolio. However, many of these correlations are also quite high over 10-20 year periods. This is driven largely by the GFC, when markets were highly correlated.

One shortcoming of the private index correlations is that they are a product of their market's appraisal methodologies. German appraisal methodology, for example, is slow to recognize capital value shifts, and this is the main reason that correlations with German appear consistently low.

*Netherlands, France, and Germany data is annual to 2015, and compares to US MSCI Index. **5 Year correlation for Netherlands is quarterly, annual for other periods. Annual data is used only where quarterly data is not available. In cases where annual data is used, the correlations are based on annual to annual correlations.

Source: MSCI / IPD, NCREIF, EPRA/NAREIT, LaSalle. Japan data to Q3 2016; IPD Netherlands, Germany, and France data to Q4 2015; All others Q4 2016. REIT data to Q4 2016. Longer time periods are not shown for public indices due to limited data availability.

Global Real Estate – Final Returns in for UK, Canada, Australia Australia Leads Global Returns, UK Lags

To 31 December 2016 (Actual)							To October 2016		
Average Annual Total Return	Global Stocks ¹	Global RE Securities ²	Global Corporate Bonds ³	Global Govt Bonds⁴	US Direct Property (NCREIF)⁵	UK Direct Property (IPD) ⁶	Canada Direct Property (IPD) ⁷	Australia Direct Property (IPD) ⁸	Japan Direct Property (IPD) ⁹
1 Year	9.6%	5.0%	6.0%	3.0%	8.0%	3.5%	5.7%	11.7%	7.3%
3 Years	7.5%	6.8%	4.4%	4.2%	11.0%	11.4%	7.0%	12.0%	8.1%
5 Years	13.4%	10.3%	4.8%	3.4%	10.9%	9.5%	9.1%	11.0%	8.4%
10 Years	4.9%	2.2%	5.4%	4.0%	6.9%	4.2%	9.0%	8.9%	7.9%
20 Years	6.4%	7.4%	5.8%	4.5%	9.8%	8.8%	11.1%	10.5%	7.3%

Outperformance versus:

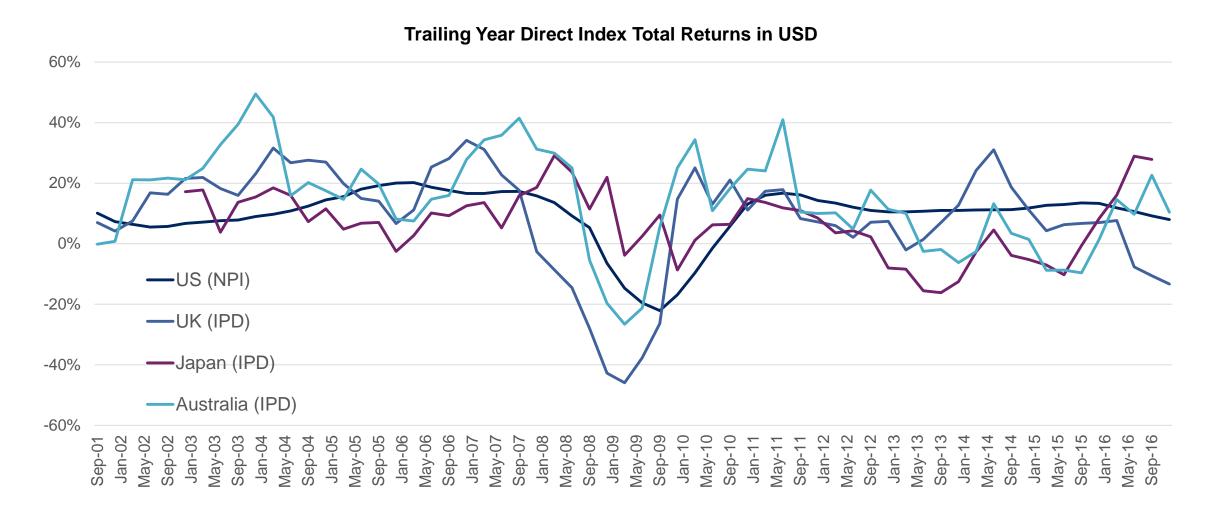
Stocks and Bonds

Bonds

Notes on Sources

- 1. MSCI All Country Gross World Total Return Index in Local Currency
- 2. EPRA/NAREIT Global (Developed) Index Total Return in US Dollars
- 3. Citigroup World Corporate Bond Index Total Return in US Dollars (Local Currency History Not Available Prior to 1999)
- 4. Citigroup World Government Bond Index All Maturities Total Returns in Local Currency
- 5. US NCREIF Property Index Total Returns in US Dollars
- 6. UK Investment Property Databank (IPD) Quarterly Standing Property Total Returns in British Pounds, data prior to Dec 2001 is IPD Annual.
- 7. Canada Investment Property Databank (IPD) Quarterly Standing Property Total Returns in Canada Dollars
- 8. Australia Investment Property Databank (IPD) Quarterly Standing Property Total Returns in Australian Dollars
- 9. Japan Investment Property Databank (IPD) Quarterly Standing Property Total Returns in Japanese Yen. Data to October 2016

Cross Border Challenge: Direct index tracking error vs. NPI in USD terms NCREIF Property Index vs. IPD Indices in UK, Japan, & Australia



Source: NCREIF, IPD, LaSalle. Data to Q4 2016 wherever available.

LaSalle's Lessons Learned



International Real Estate: Course Outline

First Principles Rationale Challenges Transparency

Macro and Micro Analysis An Investment Thesis

Investment Formats and Structures

Financial Analysis Currency, Tax

Portfolio Construction



NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY



International Real Estate Curricula

Rising Demand by Students (domestic and Intl)

Business-Schools Push to "offer more global"

Textbooks are US-Centric

International RE Cases are pre-GFC

Research and Literature Now More Multi-national

BoK* for Cross-Border Theory and Practice is Growing

Cross-Border Skills are in High Demand by Employers

* Body of Knowledge



International? National? Local? Or a Blend? A Terrific Classroom Exercise

Capital Markets: debt & equity

Interest Rates and Real Estate debt costs

Currency Markets

Commodity Prices

Investment Vehicles

Many Tenants

Owners and Operators

Engineering and Architecture Firms

Service Providers

- Leasing, Sales, Legal, Technology
- Investment managers
- Investment bankers

- Assets and Surroundings
- Is Supply 100% Local?
- Demand not 100% Local
- Land Use Regs
- Property Taxes
- Transportation Networks
- Local Developers/owners
- Property Management
- Construction (local + Intl)
- Maintenance, Security

Taking Real Estate Transparency to the Next Level

Global Real Estate Transparency Index 2016

JLĽ

Global Real Estate Transparency Index: www.jll/greti.com

Tracking the evolution of real estate transparency

First published in 1999

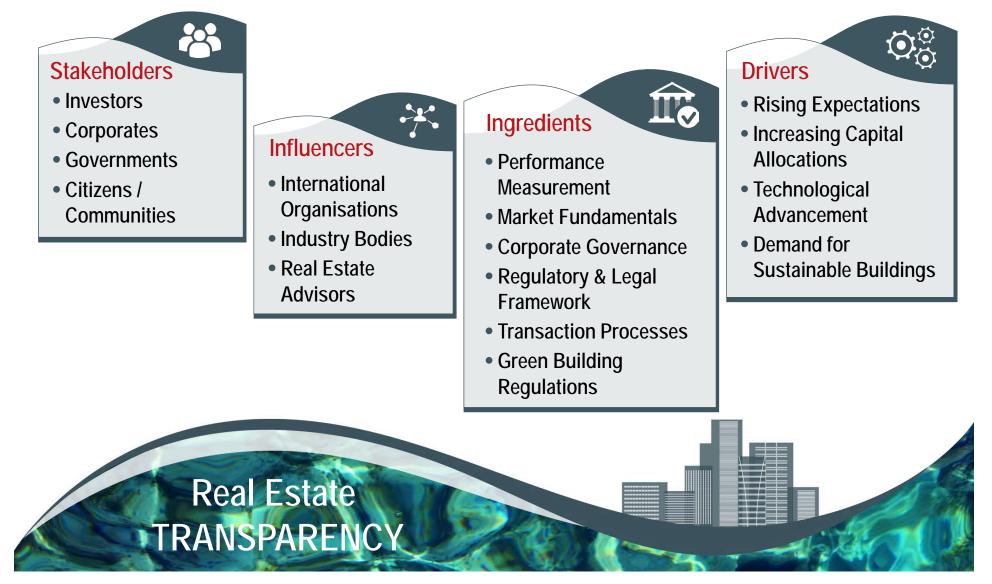
A unique Index of real estate transparency

Updated every two years

Comprehensive comparisons of 109 markets world-wide



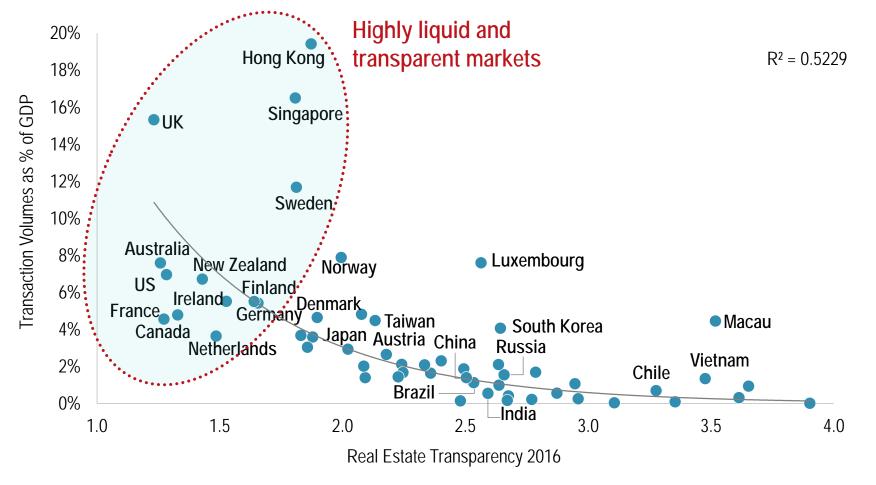
The World of Real Estate Transparency





Real Estate Transparency Index and Investment Volumes

Transparency rises with investment activity

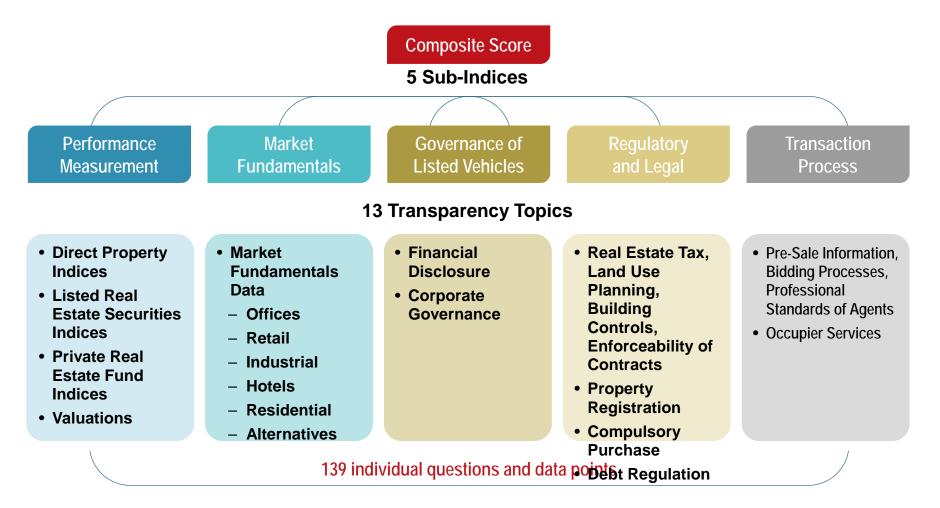


Based on direct commercial real estate volumes, 2011-2015 Sources: JLL, LaSalle Investment Management, Oxford Economics



Global Real Estate Transparency Index, 2016

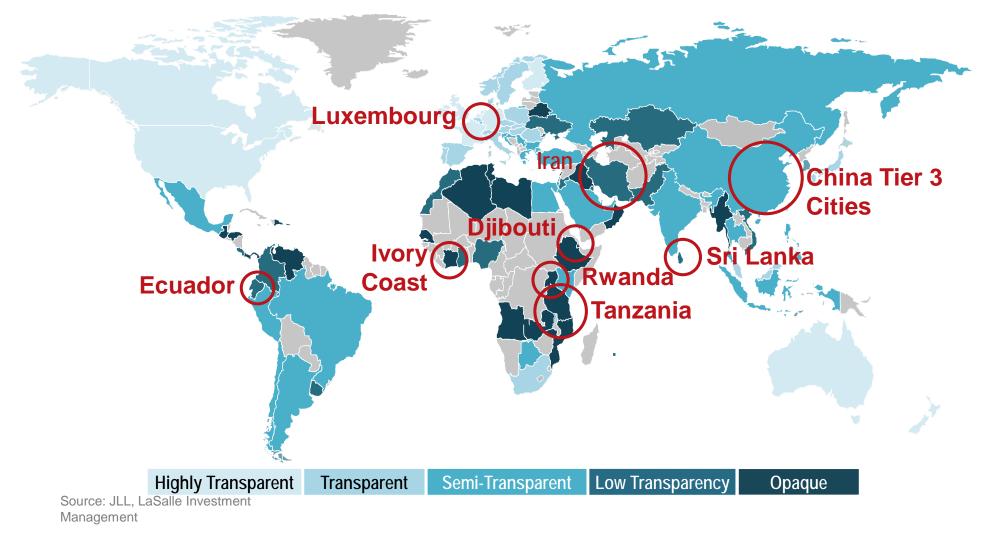
The Model incorporates 139 different elements, a 21% increase since 2014





Global Real Estate Transparency Index, 2016

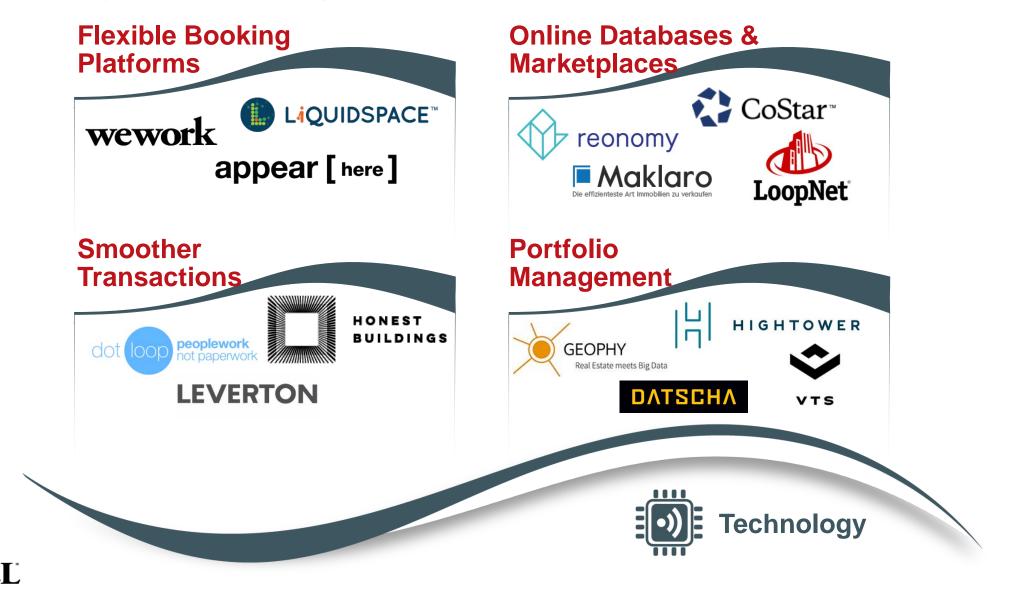
Covers 109 markets worldwide ... 9 additional markets in 2016





New technologies taking real estate information online

Access and availability of information improving thanks to online platforms



Finding real estate using Google Earth

What is Driving Greater Real Estate Transparency?



- Increasing Capital Allocations
- Real estate competing with other asset classes
- \$1 trillion targeting real estate by 2020s

Rising Expectations

- Citizens demand greater accountability
- Panama Papers put transparency in spotlight

Technology

- A driver and an enabler
- More accurate, granular and timely data

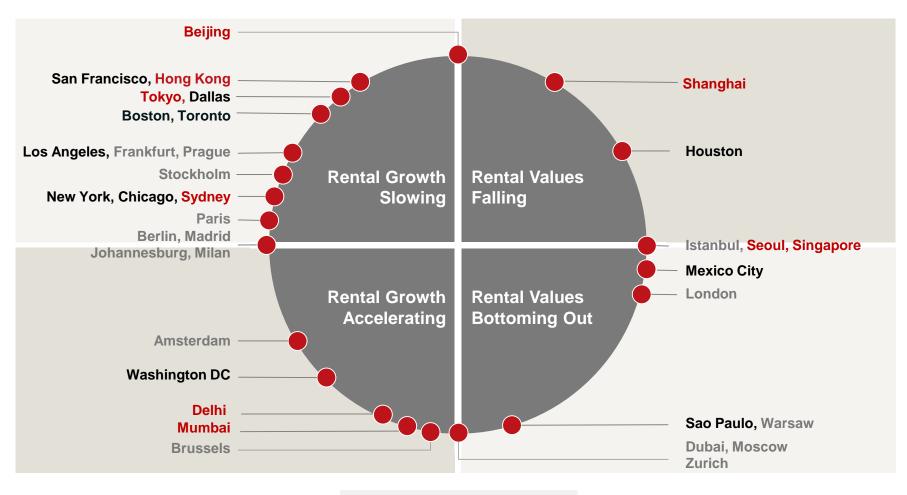
Sustainable Buildings

 Demand for tools to monitor green buildings

Real Estate TRANSPARENCY



Global Office Property Clock Q1 2017



Americas EMEA Asia Pacific

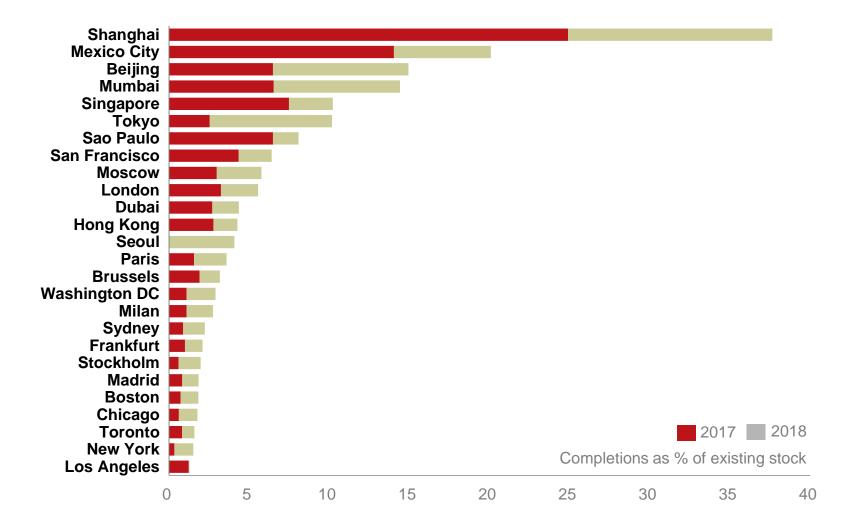
Based on rents for Grade A space in CBD or equivalent. This data is based on material/sources that we believe to be reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure its accuracy, we cannot offer any warranty that it contains no factual errors. Neither Jones Lang LaSalle nor any of its affiliates accept any liability or responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.



The JLL Property Clocks SM Source: JLL, April 2017



Office Supply Pipeline - Major Markets 2017 - 2018

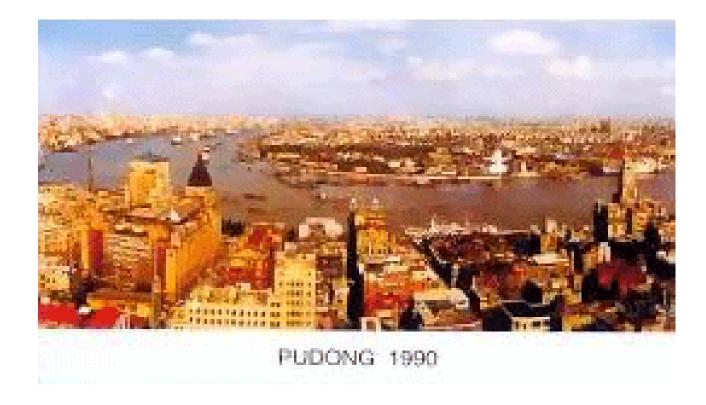




Shanghai 1900



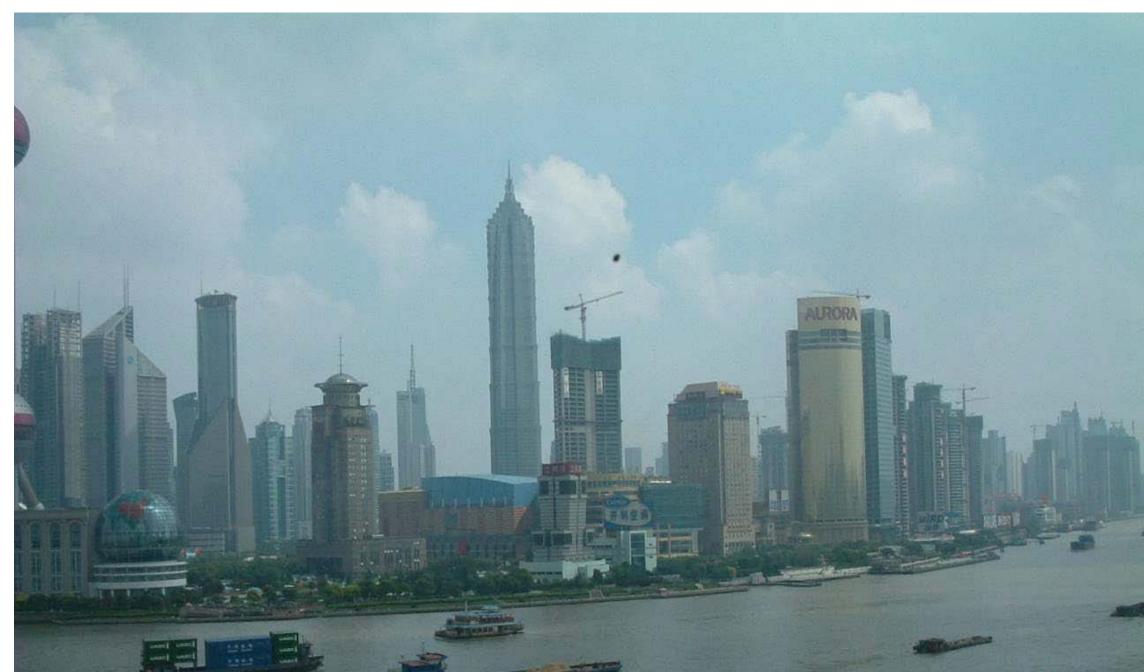
Pudong, Shanghai 1990



Pudong 2003



Pudong 2005





China's 12th Five-Year Plan: One Belt, One Road Infrastructure Spending Continues to Head West

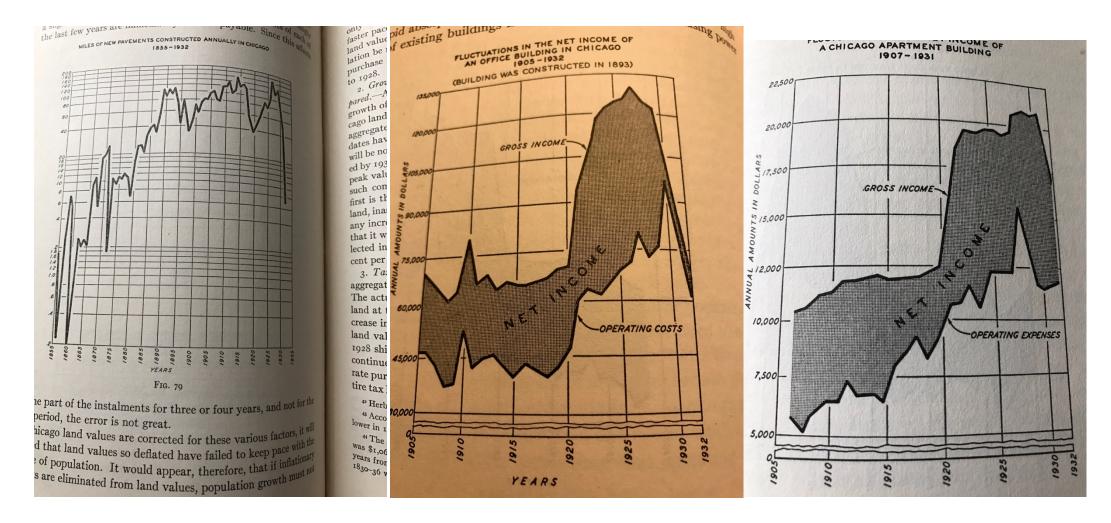
Infrastructure Development Plan in China

	Unit	2005	2010	2005 vs 2010	2015	2010 vs 2015
Railway	Km	75,438	91,000	+21%	120,000	+32%
High-speed rail*	Km	405	8,358	+1964%	45,000	+438%
Highway	km	41,005	74,100	+81%	105,000	+42%
Airports	#	142	175	+23%	220	+26%
Coastal port throughput	bn ton	3	6	+93%	8	+39%
Coastal port docks	#	1,113	1,774	+59%	2,214	+25%
Intra-city rail (subway)	km	486	1,400	+188%	3,000	+114%



Source: CICC * Estimated high-speed rail in operation

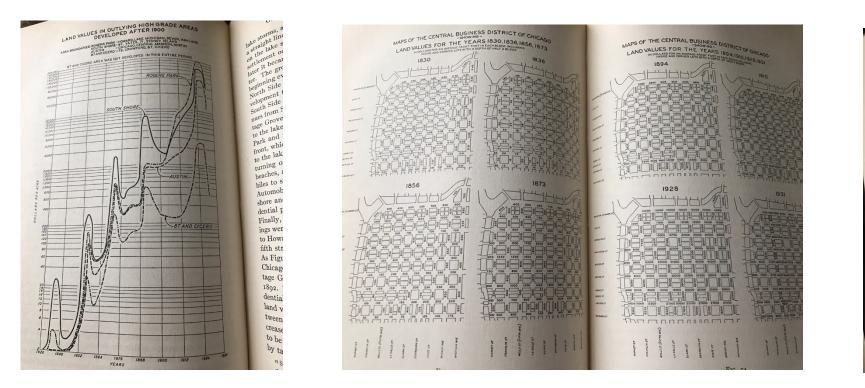
Big Data: Homer Hoyt tracked miles of pavement! Also tracked volatility of net cash flows over 30 years through the depression.

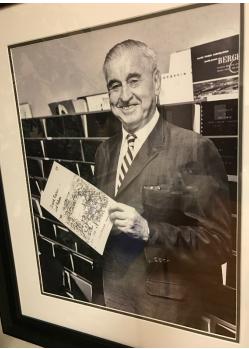


One Hundred Years of Land Values

Asset Price Cycles from Chicago to China:

The Log scale for 1900-1920 Chicago also works for China 1990-2010





lasalle.com

Amsterdam	Luxembourg	Paris	Singapore
Atlanta	Madrid	Prague	Sydney
Baltimore	Munich	San Diego	Tokyo
Chicago	Mexico City	San Francisco	Toronto
Hong Kong	Milan	Seoul	Vancouver
London	New York	Shanghai	